SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

| 1. Identification | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Product number | 1000012062 | |
| Product identifier | SW208 12 OZ SPRAYWAY TONER AIDE LB 12PK | |
| Company information | Sprayway, Inc. 1000 INTEGRAM DR Pacific, MO 63069 United States | |
| Company phone | 1-630-628-3000 | |
| Emergency telephone US | 1-866-836-8855 | |
| Emergency telephone outside US | 1-952-852-4646 | |
| Version # | 01 | |
| Recommended use | Coating | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | | |
| Physical hazards | Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |
| | Gases under pressure | Compressed gas |
| Llealth hansada | Okin correction/irritation | Catagony |

| | Gases under pressure | Compressed gas |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A |
| | Germ cell mutagenicity | Category 1B |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1B |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 1 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



| | • • • • |
|-------------------------|---|
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |

| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 3 |
|--|--|------------|
| | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard | Category 3 |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. | |
| Supplemental information | None. | |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|------------|----------|
| Butane | | 106-97-8 | 20 - 40 |
| n-Butyl Acetate | | 123-86-4 | 20 - 40 |
| Acetone | | 67-64-1 | 10 - 20 |
| Propane | | 74-98-6 | 10 - 20 |
| Trichloroethylene | | 79-01-6 | 10 - 20 |
| Mineral Spirits | | 8052-41-3 | 2.5 - 10 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | | 111-76-2 | 1 - 2.5 |
| Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Heavy Aromatic | | 64742-94-5 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Other components below reportable | e levels | | 1 - 2.5 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
|--|---|
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing | Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). None known. |
| media | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. |
| | |

| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
|---|---|
| General fire hazards | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. |
| 6. Accidental release mea | sures |
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. |
| | Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Level 2 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|------------------------------------|------|------------|--|
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | PEL | 240 mg/m3 | |
| | | 50 ppm | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) | PEL | 2900 mg/m3 | |

| Components Type | Value |
|---|--|
| | 500 ppm |
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS PEL | 710 mg/m3 |
| 123-86-4) | |
| | 150 ppm |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) PEL | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | 1000 ppm |
| US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Type | Value |
| | |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS Ceiling 79-01-6) | 200 ppm |
| TWA | 100 ppm |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | |
| Components Type | Value |
| | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS TWA 111-76-2) | 20 ppm |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) STEL | 500 ppm |
| TWA | 250 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) STEL | 1000 ppm |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS TWA | 100 ppm |
| 8052-41-3) | |
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) | 200 ppm |
| TWA | 150 ppm |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS STEL | 25 ppm |
| 79-01-6) | |
| TWA | 10 ppm |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards | |
| Components Type | Value |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS TWA | 24 mg/m3 |
| 111-76-2) | F |
| | 5 ppm |
| | 590 mg/m3 |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) TWA | 250 nnm |
| | 250 ppm |
| | 1900 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling | 1900 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8)TWAMineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)Ceiling TWAn-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)TWA STELPropane (CAS 74-98-6)TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) TWA Trichloroethylene (CAS TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8)TWAMineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)Ceilingn-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)TWA STELTWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6)TWATrichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) TWA Trichloroethylene (CAS TWA 79-01-6) TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) TWA Trichloroethylene (CAS TWA 79-01-6) TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) TWA Trichloroethylene (CAS TWA 79-01-6) TWA ogical limit values ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Determinant | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm 25 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) TWA Trichloroethylene (CAS TWA 79-01-6) TWA Dogical limit values ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Determinant 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 200 mg/g Butoxyacetic Criacid (BAA), ur Criacid (BAA), ur | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm 25 ppm |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) TWA Mineral Spirits (CAS Ceiling 8052-41-3) TWA n-Butyl Acetate (CAS STEL 123-86-4) TWA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) TWA Trichloroethylene (CAS TWA 79-01-6) TWA ogical limit values ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Determinant Spite 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 200 mg/g Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), ur with hydrolysis | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm 1800 mg/m3 350 mg/m3 950 mg/m3 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm 25 ppm 25 ppm |

| ACGIH Biological Expos | | - · · · | | o |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | 15 mg/l | Trichloroacetic acid | Urine | * |
| | 0.5 mg/l | Trichloroethano I, without hydrolysis | Blood | * |
| * - For sampling details, pl | lease see the source o | locument. | | |
| Exposure guidelines | | | | |
| US - California OELs: Sk | in designation | | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS | | | absorbed throu | ugh the skin. |
| US - Minnesota Haz Sub | • | •• | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS | | Skin de | signation applie | es. |
| US - Tennessee OELs: S | • | Can ba | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS US NIOSH Pocket Guide | | | absorbed throu | lgn the skin. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS | | - | absorbed throu | ugh the skin |
| US. OSHA Table Z-1 Lim | | | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS | | - | absorbed throu | ugh the skin. |
| Appropriate engineering controls | should be match or other enginee exposure limits h | ed to conditions. If app ring controls to maintain ave not been establish | licable, use pro in airborne leve ned, maintain a | hour) should be used. Ventilation rates becess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, els below recommended exposure limits. If irborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye ble when handling this product. |
| Individual protection measur Eye/face protection | res, such as persona | | nt | |
| Skin protection | | | | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriat | e chemical resistant gl | oves. Suitable | gloves can be recommended by the glove |
| Other | Wear appropriat | e chemical resistant cl | othing. Use of a | an impervious apron is recommended. |
| Respiratory protection | If permissible lev air-supplied resp | | NIOSH mechai | nical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriat | e thermal protective clo | othing, when ne | ecessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | personal hygiene | e measures, such as w | ashing after ha | n using do not smoke. Always observe good andling the material and before eating, ng and protective equipment to remove |
| 9. Physical and chemic | al properties | | | |
| Appearance | | | | |
| Physical state | Gas. | | | |
| Form | Aerosol. Compre | essed gas. | | |
| Color | Not available. | - | | |

| Color | Not available. |
|---|--|
| Odor | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 218.37 °F (103.54 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | -156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| | |

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

| opper/lower nanimability of exp | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 5.9 % estimated |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 12.8 % estimated |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 50 - 70 psig @20C estimated |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 764.6 °F (407 °C) estimated |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B) | 30 kJ/g estimated |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. | |
|--|---|--------------|
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. | |
| | 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Ingestion | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. | |
| Information on toxicological ef | fects | |
| Acute toxicity | Narcotic effects. | |
| Components | Species | Test Results |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Aquita | | |

<u>Acute</u> Dermal LD50

Guinea pig

7.3 ml/kg, 4 Days

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| | | 0.23 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| | Rabbit | 435 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| | | 0.68 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| | | 0.63 ml/kg |
| | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rabbit | 400 ppm, 7 Hours |
| | Rat | 450 ppm, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD100 | Rabbit | 695 mg/kg |
| LD50 | Dog | > 695 mg/kg |
| | Guinea pig | 1414 mg/kg |
| | Mouse | 1519 mg/kg |
| | Rat | 1746 mg/kg |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | - Tet | in to highly |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Guinea pig | > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| | | > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| | Rabbit | > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| | | > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | 2 0.4 mi//g, 24 hours |
| LC50 | Rat | 55700 ppm, 3 Hours |
| 2000 | - Tet | 132 mg/l, 3 Hours |
| | | 50.1 mg/l |
| 01 | | 50.1 mg/i |
| Oral LD50 | Rat | 5800 mg/kg |
| 2000 | nat | 2.2 ml/kg |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | 2.2 m/kg |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Mouse | 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes |
| | | 52 %, 120 Minutes |
| | Rat | 1355 mg/l |
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 16 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 1087 ppm, 4 Hours |
| | | 0.74 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | - |
| LD50 | Rat | 14130 mg/kg |
| | | 12.2 ml/kg |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | - |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Mouse | 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes |

| mponents | Species | Test Results |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| | | 52 %, 120 Minutes |
| | Rat | 1355 mg/l |
| | | 658 mg/l/4h |
| lvent Naphtha (petroleum), H | leavy Aromatic (CAS 64742-94-5) | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | - | > 2000 mg/kg |
| | | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| | | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | - | > 5.3 mg/l |
| Vapor | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 7.5 g/m3 |
| Aerosol | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 7.5 mg/l, 6 Hours |
| | | > 4.3 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Vapor | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 2.7 mg/m3 |
| | | > 0.1 mg/l, 8 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD100 | Rat | 5000 mg/kg |
| LD50 | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg |
| hloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6 | 6) | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 19031 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Dog; Mouse; Rabbit; Rat | 8450 ppm, 4 Hours |
| | Rat | 12500 ppm, 4 Hours |
| | | 1044 mg/l/4h |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Dog; Mouse; Rat | 2900 mg/kg |
| * Estimatos for product ma | whe based on additional company | nt data nat abaum |
| in corrosion/irritation | y be based on additional compone Causes skin irritation. | |
| rious eye damage/eye | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| tation | Suddoo sonous eye imailon. | |
| spiratory or skin sensitizat | tion | |
| Respiratory sensitization | | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to | o cause skin sensitization. |
| rm cell mutagenicity | May cause genetic defects. | |
| rcinogenicity | May cause cancer. | |
| IARC Monographs. Overa | all Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS | 6 111-76-2) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| Trichloroethylene (CA | | If <1L: Consumer Commodity Carcinogenic to humans. |
| | atad Subatanasa /00 CED 1010 1/ | 001 1050) |

| US. National Toxicology Pro | ogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens |
|---|--|
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 7 | 9-01-6) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. |
| Chronic effects | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. |
| | 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. |
| | |

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Ecotoxicity **Test Results** Components Species 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Aquatic Fish LC50 Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aquatic Crustacea **EC50** Water flea (Daphnia magna) 21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours (Oncorhynchus mykiss) n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Aquatic Algae IC50 Algae 674.7 mg/L, 72 Hours LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours Fish Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Heavy Aromatic (CAS 64742-94-5) Aquatic 2.5 mg/L, 72 Hours Algae IC50 Algae Crustacea **EC50** Daphnia 0.95 mg/L, 48 Hours Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Aquatic Crustacea **EC50** Daphnia 2.2 mg/L, 48 Hours Fish LC50 40.8933, 96 Hours Fish Flagfish (Jordanella floridae) 3.1 mg/l, 96 hours * Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product. **Bioaccumulative potential** Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) 0.83 2-Butoxyethanol Acetone -0.24 Butane 2.89 Mineral Spirits 3.16 - 7.15 n-Butyl Acetate 1.78 Propane 2.36 Trichloroethylene 2.61 Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
|--|---|
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. |

14. Transport information

| DOT | |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | N82 |
| Packaging exceptions | 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | None |
| Packaging bulk | None |

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking.

ΙΑΤΑ

| UN number | UN1950 |
|---------------------------------|---|
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 10L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed with restrictions. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed with restrictions. |
| Packaging Exceptions | LTD QTY |
| IMDG | |
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | None |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No. |
| Environmental hazards | |

EmS

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety

Packaging Exceptions Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code DOT LTD QTY Not applicable.

instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.





General information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

| CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4) | |
|--|--|
| | |

| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | Listed. |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | Listed. |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | Listed. |
| | |

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

| Hazard categories | Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No | |
|--|--|--|
| SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance | | |

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

| SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Trichloroethylene 2-Butoxyethanol | 79-01-6 111-76-2 | 10 - 20 1 - 2.5 |
| her federal regulations | | |
| Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air P | ollutants (HAPs) List | |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Re | lease Prevention (40 CFR | 68.130) |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA) | | |
| Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). Lis Chemical Code Number | t 2, Essential Chemicals (| 21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 6532 | |
| Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). Lis Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | - | Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) |
| DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Numb | 35 %WV er | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 6532 | |
| state regulations | | |
| US. California Controlled Substances. CA Depart | ment of Justice (Californi | a Health and Safety Code Section 11100) |
| Not listed. US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer C | Consumer Products Regul | lations (Cal. Code Begs tit 22, 69502.3, sub |
| (a)) | onsumer roducts negu | ations (our. code negs, it. 22, 00002.0, 3000 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | | |
| US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) | | |
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | | |
| US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to | -Know Act | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | | |
| US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right- | to-Know Law | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | |
| Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3) | | |
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | | |
| US. Rhode Island RTK | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | |
| n-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | | |

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

| US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance | |
|--|--|
|--|--|

| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) | Listed: April 19, 2002 |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | Listed: April 1, 1988 |
| US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed d | ate/Developmental toxin |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | Listed: Jan 31, 2014 |
| US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed d | ate/Male reproductive toxin |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | Listed: Jan 31, 2014 |

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 03-01-2018 |
|----------------------|--|
| Version # | 01 |
| Disclaimer | The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. |
| Revision information | Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names |